provided telephone connections; and

(d) if so, when; if not, when they are likely to be provided telephone connections?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI SANTOSH MOHAN DEV); (a) The date of registration covered under YT general category in Kidwai Bhawan Kxchange, Delhi is 25. 2. 83, as on 31. 10. 1986.

(b) There are 15 cases in all in OYT category; n Kidwai Bhawan exchange where telephones could not be provided llhougjh the registration dates hav*) atnred. These comprise of; —

(1) Incomplete cases where some documents were awaited from the sub scribers; j'jijj

(2) Registrations transferred from other exchange areas on account of change of address by the subscribers; and

(3) On commissioning of 331 ex change, area served by Old Cannaught Place exchange (Code 4), Pragati Mai dan exchange (Code 804) and part of Janpath exchange (Code 31, 32, 34, fcn, j 35), Rajpath exchange (Code 38) and Delhi Gate (Code 26 and 27) were transferred. Accordingly the waiting list of 331 exchange was recast. In the work of this magnitude some of the cases have been inadvertantly left out.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Such cases are treated as committ ed ones and telephone connections in these cases will be provided after the expansion of Kidwai Bhawan Exchange which is expected to materialise during 1987-88.

**Study into Pollution by Industries**

1660. SHRI J. P. GOYAL: Will the MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS^te pleased to state:

(a)' whether Government have set up a study team to study the danger of pollution caused by industries;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(c) what action has so far been taken in respect of industries causing pollution?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R ANSARI: (a) and (b) Surveys of selected chemical and petrochemical units have been conducted through expert panels, for envolving guidelines and recommendations on safety measures in such units. Expert teams have also been set up in several States for recommending measures for safety in the industrial units handling hazardous chemicals.

(c) 705 polluting industries have been prosecuted in various States/ Union Territories. So far, out of 4054 polluting industries 2076 have installed pollution control devices.

**Prevention against likely Ecological Disaster**

1661. SHRI J. P. GOYAL:
SHRI TALARI MANOHAR:.

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the warning of some eminent en vironmentalists in the country that India may face an ecological disaster by the end of this century if prompt corrective measures are not taken;

(b) jajhether it is a fact that the forest area in the country comes down every year and if so, to what extent and the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is also a fact that a large quantity of fertile soil is washed away every year due to floods and •whether India, especially the Hima layas are threatened to become deserts by the beginning of the 21st Century; and

(d) if so, what measures Government propose to take in this regard to save the country from ecological disaster?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI Z. R. ANSARI): (a) The Government are aware of the fact that prompt corrective measures are needed to maintain ecological balance in the country.

<b)' According to official records, between 1951 to 1980, 4. 328 million hectares of forest area have been lost for various purposes due to official diversion. The forest area actually lost is more. Since 1980, the official diversion of forest area to non-forest uses is approximately 5, 500 hectares per annum. The main reason for the loss of forest area is biotic pressure.

(c)'Tt is a fact that large quantity •of fertile soil is washed away every year due to floods. There is no scientific evidence to conclude that the country, especially the Himalayas, are "threatened to become deserts by the beginning of the 21st Century.

. (d) The following steps have been "taken to prevent an ecological disaster: —

(1) The emphasis in all forestry programmes today is laid on conservation and increased plantation efforts.

<2) The Forest (Conservation) Act. 1980 has been enacted with a view to minimise diversion of forest land for non-forest use.

(3) The State Governments have been advised to ban all fellings above 1000 meters in the in the hills and to restrict clear-felling of the natural forests.

<4) The National Wastelands Development Board has been set up to accelrate afforestation activities on wastelands and degraded Forest Lands.

(5) Peoples participation has been increased through Farm Forestry and decentralised nurseries.

**Re-naming off Andaman and Nicobar Islands as Subhash and Swaraj Dwip**

1662. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: Will the Minister of: HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have received any representations for renaming Andaman and Nicobar Islands a* Subhash Dwip and Swaraj Dwip' and Port Blair as 'Port Subhash' or 'Subhash Bandog as a mark of respect to Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose; and

(b) if so, what is the reaction of the Government thereto and whether any decision is likely to be taken in thi* regard before the next birthday of Netaji i. e. 23rd January, 1987?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

**Provision of adequate equipment in Doordarshan studios**

1663. SHRl RAJNI RANJAN SAHU: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased ta state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in most of the Doordarshan Kendars particu larly in Bombay, the studios are ill equipped and the staff inadequate; and

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(b) if so, what steps Government are taking to provide adequate equip ments, such as cameras, for out-door work and production staff?

THE MINISTER OT STATE OF TH* MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI AJIT PANJA): (a) No, Sir.